

### Clause 7.5.2 SETTLING VELOCITY OF DISCRETE PARTICLES

The following equations may be used in arriving at settling velocity of discrete spherical particles;

Law	Equation	Reynolds Number, $N_R$	Applicable for range of Particle size in mm for specific gravity of 2.65 and temp. of 20°C
Stock's (Laminar)	$V_S = g/18((\rho_s - \rho)/\mu)d^2$	1	upto 0.1
Hazen's (Transition)	$V_S = [4/3 * g/C_D(\rho_s - \rho)/\rho]^{0.5}$	1-1000	0.1 -1.0
Newton's (Turbulent)	$V_S = [3.3g((\rho_s - \rho)/\rho)d]^{0.5}$	$10^3 - 10^4$	Greater than 1

Where,

$V_S$	=	Settling velocity of particle, (L/T)
$\rho_s$	=	Mass density of the particle, (M/L <sup>3</sup> )
$\rho$	=	Mass density of the water, (M/L <sup>3</sup> )
$g$	=	Acceleration due to gravity, (L/T <sup>2</sup> )
$d$	=	Diameter of the particle, (L)
$C_D$	=	Dimensionless drag coefficient defined by

$$C_D = \frac{24}{N_R} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{N_R}} + 0.34$$

$N_R$	=	Reynolds number = $V_S d \cdot \rho / \mu$ dimensionless
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$\mu$	=	Absolute or dynamic viscosity of water (M/LT)
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